

Sleep. We all need it. But few of us consistently sleep as long — or as restfully — as we should for optimum health. In fact, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services estimates that about 35 percent of adults regularly get less than 7 hours of sleep. Most health experts agree that a solid 8 hours for adults is a good night's sleep.

8 TIPS TO GET YOUR 8 HOURS



Stick to a routine.
Go to bed and rise at the same time every day — even on weekends.



Avoid alcohol and cigarettes (and any tobacco products) in the evening.



and pillow.

If you're hungry, eat a sleepinducing snack about an hour before bedtime.

Make your

bedroom

comfortable. Set

the thermostat to

60 to 67 degrees.

Keep your room dark

and free from noise.

Select a comfortable mattress



caffeine at least 5 to 6 hours before bedtime.

Turn off electronic

devices, or at

Stop drinking



Get moving.
Exercising during
the day helps you
sleep at night.

DO NOT DISTURB

least use a
night-time screen.
Light promotes
wakefulness. Even
the small amount of light
from an electronic device can
keep you awake.



Avoid naps, especially later in the day. If you must take a nap, limit it to about 30 minutes.

8 FACTS TO KNOW ABOUT SLEEP

during the night, including a stage called Rapid Eye Movement (REM). Some phases help you feel rested and energetic, and others help you learn new information and form memories, according to the National Institutes of Health.

Sleep improves your cognitive

abilities, such as learning and

You cycle through 5 distinct stages

problem-solving skills.

Studies show that sleep deficiency harms driving ability as much as, or

more than, being drunk.

and diabetes.

- Sleep heals and repairs your heart and blood vessels. Not getting enough sleep regularly may increase your risk for heart disease, obesity, stroke
- to report sleep problems and half as likely to report daytime tiredness, according to a survey by the American Academy of Sleep Medicine.

 HUNGRY?

People who get even small amounts of regular physical

activity are one-third less likely

out the trash," removing waste products and toxins from your brain. Some of these toxins are associated with Alzheimer's disease and other neurological disorders.

Snoring is generally harmless,

While you sleep, your body "takes

symptom of sleep apnea, a serious problem that causes you to briefly stop breathing. Sleep apnea may lead to high blood pressure, diabetes and other health problems.

Some studies suggest an association between short sleep

but for some people it can be a

duration and weight gain, in part because of changes to hunger-related hormones. And when you're tired, you're more likely to make less healthy food choices.

or right before you go to bed will making falling asleep more difficult.

The best bedtime snacks contain

proteins and carbohydrates. Try:











Pick at least one tip from the list above and start implementing it today. If you snore, or if you regularly have trouble sleeping, talk to your doctor to rule out sleep apnea or other health issues.

Source: Spirit of Women Health Group and National Sleep Foundation

DO ONE THING: